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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/841,205	. (	04/24/2001	William L. Steinmetz	Y2K.0110	5850
24290	7590	09/23/2003			
BRIAN D.	•		EXAMINER		
1125 SEVENTEENTH STREET SUITE 600				BALSIS, SHAY L	
DENVER, C	O 80202			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1744	0
				DATE MAILED: 09/23/2003	D

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· ·			A-S-					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
	09/841,205	STEINMETZ ET A	STEINMETZ ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Shay L Balsis	1744						
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover shee	et with the correspondence add	dress					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum of will apply and will expire SIX (6), cause the application to become	ay a reply be timely filed  of thirty (30) days will be considered timely MONTHS from the mailing date of this cone ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 A	August 2003 .							
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ Th	is action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under			e merits is					
Disposition of Claims  4)   Claim(s) 23-35 is/are pending in the application	nn							
,— · · · — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>23-35</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	· · · ·							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement							
Application Papers								
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	_							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accept								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the								
11)⊠ The proposed drawing correction filed on 21 Au		oroved b) disapproved by the	ne Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re								
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority document</li> </ol>	s have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received	in Application No						
<ul><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bu</li><li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li></ul>	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a	a)).	Stage					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional	application).					
<ul> <li>a)  The translation of the foreign language pro</li> <li>15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest</li> </ul>								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No( e of Informal Patent Application (PTC ::						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Drawings**

1. The drawings were received on 8/21/03. These drawings are accepted.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 23-25, 28, 30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lyons (USPN D383577).

Lyons teaches a ticket scraping device comprising a housing having a gripping area and a scraping edge protruding from the housing wherein the scraping edge has a straight edge portion the extends continuously into an arcuate scraping edge portion. The housing has a generally triangular shape and the gripping area is selected from the group consisting of a flat shape, a concave shape and a convex shape. The housing and the scraping edge are integral with each other. The scraping device is molded as a single unit. There is an aperture for receiving a key ring.

4. Claims 23-24, 28-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lower (USPN 2380855).

Lower teaches a ticket scraping device comprising a housing (16) having a gripping area and a scraping edge (10) protruding from the housing wherein the scraping edge has a straight edge portion (11) the extends continuously into an arcuate scraping edge portion (14). The

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gripping area is selected from the group consisting of a flat shape, a concave shape and a convex shape. The gripping area includes a series of flutes to increase gripping capabilities. The housing and the scraping edge are integral with each other. The scraping device is molded as a single unit. There is an aperture for receiving a key ring (16a).

5. Claims 23-24, 28-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hodges (USPN 5713232).

Hodges teaches a ticket scraping device comprising a housing (10) having a gripping area (74) and a scraping edge (12) protruding from the housing wherein the scraping edge has a straight edge portion the extends continuously into an arcuate scraping edge portion. The gripping area is selected from the group consisting of a flat shape, a concave shape and a convex shape. The housing and the scraping edge are integral with each other. There is an aperture (44) for receiving a key ring.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lower and Hodge.

Lower and Hodge teach all the essential elements of the claimed invention however, fail to disclose expressly that the shape of the housing is generally triangular with an obtuse angle.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in

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that the shape provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with the shape as taught by Lower or Hodge or the claimed triangular shape because both shapes allow the user to easily hold the scraper in their hand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Lower and Hodge to obtain the invention as specified in claims 25 and 26.

8. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons.

Lyons teaches all the essential elements of the claimed invention however, fail to disclose expressly that the triangular housing has an obtuse angle. At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have an triangle with an obtuse angle because Applicant has not disclosed that the shape provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with the shape as taught by Lyons or the claimed triangular shape because both shapes allow the user to easily hold the scraper in their hand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Lyons to obtain the invention as specified in claim 26.

9. Claims 27, 33-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons in view of Bonforte (USPN 4302878), Lower in view of Bonforte (USPN 4302878) and Hodge in view of Bonforte (USPN 4302878).

Lyons, Lower and Hodge all teach the essential elements of the claimed invention however, the references all fail to teach a scraping edge comprising glass fibers. Bonforte

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teaches a self-sharpening cutting blade that comprises glass fibers (col. 2, lines 8-69). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Bonforte self-sharpening cutting blade as the scraping edge used in Lyons, Lower and Hodge so that the blade will have a longer lifetime and so that it will always have a sharp edge.

With regards to claim 33-38 and the shape being triangular with an obtuse angle, the rejection for Lower and Hodge stands as stated above in the claim 25 rejections, paragraph 7, as a design choice.

10. Claims 27, 33-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons in view of Charvat (USPN 3529945), Lower in view of Charvat (USPN 3529945) and Hodge (USPN 5713232) in view of Charvat (USPN 3529945).

Lyons, Lower and Hodge teach all the essential elements of the claimed invention as recited in the above rejections however, the reference fail to teach a scraping edge comprising glass fibers. Charvat teaches an abrading and finishing tool that is made from plastic and has glass fibers embedded within it. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to make the scraper out of plastic with glasses fibers embedded in it because it eliminates the need for extra pressure to be applied to the area to be scraped (col. 1 lines 34-44).

With regards to claim 33-38 and the shape being triangular with an obtuse angle, the rejection for Lower and Hodge stands as stated above in the claim 25 rejections, paragraph 7, as a design choice.

## Response to Arguments

11. In response to applicant's argument that Lyons, while having a straight edge cannot be considered to have a straight edge portion because the straight edge of Lyons device cannot

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contact the protective coating of a lottery ticket it used in its intended fashion, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

#### Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shay L Balsis whose telephone number is 703-305-7275. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5:00 M-Th, alternating F.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Warden can be reached on 703-308-2920. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-5665.

Slb 9/5/03

> ROBERT J. WARDEN, SR. SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

Robert 7, Warden, Sn.